(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)
June 30, 2022

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June 30, 2022

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(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)
June 30, 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees STRIVE Preparatory Schools Denver, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of STRIVE Preparatory Schools (STRIVE Prep), a component unit of Denver Public Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise STRIVE Prep's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of STRIVE Prep, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of STRIVE Prep, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2021, STRIVE Prep adopted GASB Statement Number 87, *Leases* (GASB 87). Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Board of Trustees STRIVE Preparatory Schools

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about STRIVE Prep's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of STRIVE Prep's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about STRIVE Prep's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Trustees STRIVE Preparatory Schools

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, pension, and other postemployment benefit information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the STRIVE Prep's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2022, on our consideration of STRIVE Prep's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of STRIVE Prep's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering STRIVE Prep's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORVIS, LLP

Denver, Colorado October 31, 2022

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

As management of STRIVE Preparatory Schools, we offer readers of the basic financial statements this narrative and analysis of the financial activities of STRIVE Preparatory Schools for the year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information provided in the accompanying financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The year ended June 30, 2022 was the 16th year of operations for STRIVE Preparatory Schools. The general fund balance decreased from \$15,149,141 to \$12,424,167 in the year ended June 30, 2022.
- The financial results of STRIVE Preparatory Schools under a Government-wide accounting presentation are materially impacted by the implementation of GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Prior to the implementation of GASB 68, STRIVE Preparatory Schools only reported a pension liability to the extent that it was behind on its annual actuarially-determined payments into the pension plan. Under GASB 68, STRIVE Preparatory Schools must report a liability for its proportionate share of the entire underfunded status of the plan. As of December 31, 2021, the DPS division of the Colorado Public Employee's Retirement Association (PERA) had a collective net pension liability (NPL) of \$5,971,000. STRIVE Preparatory Schools' portion of contributions to PERA as a percentage of the total contributions to the DPS division of PERA, is 2.805% or \$167,492.
- Net pension liability is the difference between the total pension liability (the present value of projected benefit payments to employees based on their past service) and the assets (mostly investments reported at fair value) set aside to pay current employees, retirees, and beneficiaries.
- The financial results of STRIVE Preparatory Schools under a Government-wide accounting presentation are also materially impacted by the implementation of GASB 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions*. Prior to the implementation of GASB 75, Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) was only reported in the Notes Disclosure section. With the implementation of GASB 75, Postemployment Benefits are reported in both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. As of June 30, 2022, STRIVE Preparatory Schools reported a Net OPEB liability of \$378,377 based on its proportionate share measured and calculated as of December 31, 2021.
- The NPL and the Net OPEB liability are unlike other liabilities on STRIVE Preparatory Schools' balance sheet. STRIVE Preparatory Schools has no ability to pay off the either the NPL or the Net OPEB liability under an accelerated schedule as contribution rates are set in statute. As long-term obligations, neither NPL nor Net OPEB liability are recorded in the modified accrual basis financial statement of governmental funds. Neither liability impacts the current financial position of STRIVE Preparatory Schools.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

- Excluding to the impacts of both GASB 68 and GASB 75, the assets of STRIVE Preparatory Schools exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year. However, due to the implementation of GASB 68 and GASB 75, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of STRIVE Preparatory Schools exceeded the assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$1,236,168.
- July 1, 2021, STRIVE Preparatory Schools implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this Statement, the STRIVE Preparatory Schools recognized initial lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets for \$1,726,226. As of June 30, 2022, STRIVE Preparatory Schools has a net right-to-use asset and lease liability of \$1,309,284 and \$1,320,997, respectively. There was no impact on beginning net position as a result of the implementation.
- The operations of STRIVE Preparatory Schools for the year ended June 30, 2022 were funded by tax revenue received under the State School Finance Act (the Act), mill levy overrides, federal revenue, and private contributions. Tax revenue for the year from Per Pupil Revenue was \$31,583,761, while property tax revenue for the year from Mill Levy Overrides was \$8,533,284. In addition, individual gifts and foundation grants supplemented the tax revenue received in order to finance operations.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to STRIVE Preparatory Schools' basic financial statements. The basic statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of STRIVE Preparatory Schools' finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of STRIVE Preparatory Schools' assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two being reported as net position. Over time, the increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of STRIVE Preparatory Schools is improving or deteriorating. However, it is important to note the impact that the reporting of the net pension related accounts and the net OPEB related accounts has on STRIVE Preparatory Schools' net position.

The statement of activities presents information showing how STRIVE Preparatory Schools' net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. STRIVE Preparatory Schools keeps track of these monies to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of STRIVE Preparatory Schools' financial position. At June 30, 2022, STRIVE Preparatory Schools' liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$1,236,168. It is important to note that STRIVE Preparatory Schools' assets would have exceeded its liabilities by \$12,517,300 excluding the recognition of both the unfunded pension and OPEB liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows of resources. Additionally, \$1,307,446 of the net deficit is restricted to comply with Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, known as the TABOR Amendment.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	2022	2021*
Assets		
Current	\$ 14,143,109	\$ 16,398,141
Lease assets, net	1,309,284	
Total assets	15,452,393	16,398,141
Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,683,576	12,809,169
Liabilities		
Current	1,940,764	1,458,281
Noncurrent liabilities	1,645,044	16,264,978
Total liabilities	3,585,808	17,723,259
Deferred Inflows of Resources	21,891,175	19,954,927
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	(11,713)	-
Restricted	1,851,509	1,765,588
Unrestricted	(3,180,810)	(10,236,464)
Total net position	\$ (1,341,014)	\$ (8,470,876)

^{* 2021} balances have not been restated for the implementation of GASB 87.

Current assets decreased over the prior year due to an increased use of cash.

Lease assets, net increased from the prior year due to the implementation of GASB 87.

Current liabilities increased from the prior year due to an increase in unearned revenue and accounts payable.

Noncurrent liabilities decreased from the prior year primarily due to a decrease in net pension and OPEB liabilities, offset by an increase in lease liabilities due to the implementation of GASB 87.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Condensed Statement of Activities

	2022	2021*
Revenues		
Per pupil operating revenue	\$ 31,583,761	\$ 29,565,221
Mill levy	8,533,284	8,542,920
Grants and contributions	12,884,852	10,231,454
Forgiveness of long-term debt	-	5,971,658
Investment income	17,251	10,712
Miscellaneous	984,243	439,639
Total revenues	54,003,391	54,761,604
Expenses		
Instruction		
General	27,836,107	23,218,942
GASB 68 pension expense (credit)	(4,148,491)	(461,022)
GASB 75 OPEB expense (credit)	(184,589)	(133,244)
Support services		
General	27,747,229	22,956,774
GASB 68 pension expense (credit)	(4,193,573)	(455,814)
GASB 75 OPEB expense (credit)	(186,593)	(131,738)
Interest on long-term debt	3,439	75,208
Total expenses	46,873,529	45,069,106
Change in Net Position	7,129,862	9,692,498
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning	(8,470,876)	(18,163,374)
Net Position (Deficit) - Ending	\$ (1,341,014)	\$ (8,470,876)

^{* 2021} balances have not been restated for the implementation of GASB 87.

Grants and contributions revenue increased due to increased philanthropy. General expenses increased due to due to higher personnel expenses.

GASB 68 credits increased due to PERA Plan activity including the State contribution described in Note 5.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Financial Analysis of STRIVE Preparatory Schools Funds

Governmental Funds

The focus of STRIVE Preparatory Schools' governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing STRIVE Preparatory Schools' financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of STRIVE Preparatory Schools' net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of STRIVE Preparatory Schools' 16th fiscal year, STRIVE Preparatory Schools reported a governmental fund balance of \$12,424,167 which represents a decrease of \$2,724,974 over the previous fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

STRIVE Preparatory Schools' budget was \$55,971,843 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Actual budgetary expenditures were \$55,971,843. The difference between budgeted versus actual expenditures in the general fund is primarily due to lower supplies and materials expense, and an unused budgeted contingency.

Lease assets and Lease Liability

STRIVE Preparatory Schools' lease assets consist of office space and equipment as a result of implementing GASB 87, *Leases* in the government wide financial statements. The right-to-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease asset into service. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straightline basis over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset. STRIVE Preparatory Schools recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The primary factor driving the budget for STRIVE Preparatory Schools is student enrollment. The enrollment for the 2021-2022 school year was 3,274 students. The budgeted enrollment for the 2022-2023 school year is 3,192. The primary driver for the budgeted reduction in enrollment is the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of STRIVE Preparatory Schools' finances for all those with an interest in STRIVE Preparatory Schools. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

STRIVE Preparatory Schools 2480 West 26th Avenue Suite 360-B Denver, CO 80211



(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,500,415	
Investments	6,912,110	
Accounts receivable	64,239	
Grants receivable	1,313,057	
Inventory	79,359	
Prepaid expenses	273,929	
Lease assets, net of accumulated amortization	1,309,284	
Total assets	15,452,393	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension related	8,397,267	
OPEB related	286,309	
Total deferred outflows of resources	8,683,576	
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	769,997	
Accrued liabilities	483,455	
Unearned revenue	465,490	
Lease liability due within one year	221,822	
Noncurrent liabilities		
Due in more than one year		
Lease liability due more than one year	1,099,175	
Net pension liability	167,492	
Net OPEB liability	378,377	
Total liabilities	3,585,808	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension related	21,218,813	
OPEB related	672,362	
Total deferred inflows of resources	21,891,175	
Net Position (Deficit)		
Net investment in capital assets	(11,713)	
Restricted for emergencies	1,307,446	
Restricted for capital projects	544,063	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3,180,810)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (1,341,014)	

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Progr	am Revenues			xpense) and Change in let Position
Functions/Programs	ı	Expenses	-	ating Grants Contributions	-	ital Grants ontributions	overnmental Activities
Primary Government Governmental Activities Instruction							
General GASB 68 pension expense (credit) GASB 75 OPEB expense (credit)	\$	27,836,107 (4,148,491) (184,589)	\$	4,455,123 721,868	\$	573,633	\$ (22,807,351) 4,870,359 184,589
Supporting services General GASB 68 pension expense (credit) GASB 75 OPEB expense (credit) Interest on long-term debt		27,747,229 (4,193,573) (186,593) 3,439		4,503,532 729,638		- - -	(23,243,697) 4,923,211 186,593 (3,439)
Total governmental activities	\$	46,873,529	\$	10,410,161	\$	573,633	(35,889,735)
	Per Dis Gra to Inve	ral Revenues pupil revenue trict mill levy nts and contributio specific programs estment income cellaneous		tricted			31,583,761 8,533,284 1,901,058 17,251 984,243
		Total general reve	enues				 43,019,597
	Chan	ge in Net Positior	1				7,129,862
	Net P	osition (Deficit) -	July 1				 (8,470,876)
	Net P	osition (Deficit) -	Ending				\$ (1,341,014)

Net Revenue

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund June 30, 2022

	General Fund
Assets	
Cash	\$ 5,500,415
Investments (restricted)	1,443,596
Investments (unrestricted)	5,468,514
Accounts receivable	64,239
Grants receivable	1,313,057
Inventory	79,359
Prepaid expenditures	273,929
Total assets	\$ 14,143,109
Liabilities and Fund Balance	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 769,997
Accrued liabilities	483,455
Unearned revenue	465,490
Total liabilities	1,718,942
Fund Balance	
Nonspendable inventory	79,359
Nonspendable prepaid expenditures	273,929
Restricted for capital projects	544,063
Restricted for emergencies	1,307,446
Unassigned	10,219,370
Total fund balance	12,424,167
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 14,143,109

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund (continued) June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental fund	\$ 12,424,167
Deferred inflows of resources are not available in the current period and, therefore, are not recorded in the fund	(21,891,175)
Deferred outflows of resources are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund	8,683,576
Lease assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund	1,309,284
Long-term lease liabilities are not due any payable in the current period and, therefore, is not presented in the governmental fund	(1,320,997)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the fund	(167,492)
The net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the fund	(378,377)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities	\$ (1,341,014)

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund
Revenues	
Local sources	\$ 43,019,597
State sources	1,826,000
Federal sources	8,401,272
Total revenues	53,246,869
Expenditures	
Current	
Instruction	27,836,107
Supporting services	27,735,518
Debt service	
Principal	375,000
Interest	25,218
Total expenditures	55,971,843
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses	(2,724,974)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,724,974)
Fund Balance, Beginning	15,149,141
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 12,424,167

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance of the governmental fund	\$ (2,724,974)
The portion of the State required contribution to PERA recognized in the Statement of Activities	
Operating grants and contributions	(1,451,506)
Pension expense (Instruction: \$721,868;	
Supporting Services: \$729,638)	1,451,506
Some expenses recorded in the Statement of Activities do	
not require the use of current financial resources and,	
therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the fund	
Pension credit (expense): Instruction: \$4,524,727;	
Supporting Services: \$4,573,859	9,098,586
OPEB credit (expense): Instruction: \$184,590;	
Supporting Services: \$186,594	371,182
Repayment of long-term liabilities are expenses in the fund,	
but do not affect the Statement of Activities	805,449
Lease asset amortization expense not included in the fund	(416,942)
Interest expense not included in the fund	(3,439)
interest expense not included in the fund	 (3,737)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 7,129,862

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The West Denver Preparatory Charter School was formed in November 2005, pursuant to the *Colorado Charter Schools Act* to form and operate a charter school within Denver Public Schools (the District). In September 2012, the West Denver Preparatory Charter School's name was changed to STRIVE Preparatory Schools (STRIVE Prep). STRIVE Prep is a non-profit organization as defined by Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. In the year ended June 30, 2022, STRIVE Prep operated 10 schools and served grades kindergarten through 12.

Reporting Entity

STRIVE Prep is a component unit of Denver Public Schools (the District). The District granted the charter and provides the majority of the funding to STRIVE Prep.

The financial reporting entity consists of STRIVE Prep, organizations for which STRIVE Prep is financially accountable, and organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of STRIVE Prep. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate are part of STRIVE Prep. Legally separate organizations for which STRIVE Prep is financially accountable are considered part of the reporting entity. Financial accountability exists if STRIVE Prep appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board or if the organization is fiscally dependent on STRIVE Prep and STRIVE Prep is able to impose its will on the organization, or the organization provides benefits to, or imposes financial burdens on, STRIVE Prep. Based on the application of this criteria, the following organization qualifies as a component unit of STRIVE Prep.

In June 2012, the West Denver Preparatory Charter School Building Corporation (the Corporation) was formed to hold title to real and/or personal property for, and to make the same available for use by, STRIVE Prep, and to otherwise provide public buildings and facilities to STRIVE Prep. The Corporation is a non-profit organization as defined by section 501(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Corporation has no financial balances or transactions outside of those reported by STRIVE Prep, and therefore, is not reported separately in the financial statements. The Corporation does not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (*i.e.*, the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all activities of STRIVE Prep. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported in a single column. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to students or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Unrestricted revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Tax revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Available means are collected within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current year, not to exceed 60 days. Intergovernmental revenues, grants, and interest associated with the current year are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current year if they are expected to be received within one year. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by STRIVE Prep. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is STRIVE Prep's policy to use restricted resources first, and the unrestricted resources as they are needed.

STRIVE Prep reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – This fund is the general operating fund of STRIVE Prep. It is currently used to account for all financial activities of STRIVE Prep.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance/Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments – Investments are reported at fair value.

Receivables – All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Inventory – Materials and supplies inventory is stated at cost, using the first-in, first-out method. Inventory is recorded as an asset when individual items are purchased and as an expense when consumed.

Prepaid Expenses – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future years and are reported as prepaid expenses.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include buildings and building improvements, are reported in the government-wide financial statements, if any. Capital assets are defined by STRIVE Prep as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Lease Assets – Right-to-use lease assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more, which include office space and equipment are a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87, Leases in the government-wide financial statements. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability, plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease term, less lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease asset into service. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset.

Long-term Debt – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as current expenses or expenditures.

Compensated Absences – STRIVE Prep's policy allows employees to use six days of personal leave during each school year. Employees are compensated for any unused personal leave prior to the end of the fiscal year, at the rate of \$125 per day. Therefore, no liability for compensated absences is reported in the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Both are reported in the statement of net position but are not recognized in the fund financial statements as revenues and expenses until the period(s) to which they relate. Refer to Notes 5 and 8 for information on deferred outflow/inflows or resources related to pensions and OPEB.

Net Position/Fund Balance – In the government-wide and fund financial statements, net position and fund balance are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are externally imposed. The Board of Trustees is authorized to establish a fund balance commitment through passage of a resolution and may assign fund balances to a specific purpose through an informal action.

STRIVE Prep has not established a formal policy for its use of restricted and unrestricted fund balances. However, if both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, STRIVE Prep uses restricted fund balance first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Risk Management

STRIVE Prep is exposed various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. STRIVE Prep carries commercial insurance for risks of loss, including liability, property, errors and omissions, and workers' compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded STRIVE Prep's insurance coverage for fiscal years 2022, 2021 or 2020.

Use of Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, gains, losses and other changes in fund balance/net position during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annually, the Board of Trustees adopts a budget for STRIVE Prep, on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except for revenues and expenditures associated with the state's contributions made to PERA on behalf of STRIVE Prep.

A proposed budget is submitted to the Board of Trustees for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1 for their approval. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Revisions that alter the total expenditures must be approved by the Board of Trustees. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. There was one budget amendment during the year.

Implementation of New Standard

During the year ended June 30, 2022, STRIVE Prep adopted the provision of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. STRIVE Prep has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption for which there was no impact on net position.

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 2: Cash and Investments

Deposits

The financial institution holding STRIVE Prep's cash accounts is participating in the FDIC's Transaction Account Guarantee Program. Interest-bearing transaction accounts were subject to the \$250,000 limit on FDIC insurance per covered institution.

STRIVE Prep's investment policy conforms to state statute for governmental entities. All accounts established at financial institutions should, in the aggregate, total less than \$250,000 so as to provide maximum insurance coverage provided by the FDIC. If, however, deposits exceed the \$250,000 insurance coverage level, the excess must be: (1) fully collateralized at face value with government securities, (2) separately segregated in STRIVE Prep's name, and (3) held at a Federal Reserve Bank or another depository.

Under the provisions of GASB 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, deposits are not deemed exposed to custodial credit risk if they are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions under Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA), as discussed below. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, STRIVE Prep's deposits may not be returned.

Colorado State statutes govern STRIVE Prep's deposit of cash. The PDPA requires STRIVE Prep to make deposits only in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits.

As of June 30, 2022, STRIVE Prep had cash on deposit balances consisting of the following:

	Carrying Amount	Bank Balance	Amount Covered Under PDPA
Checking	\$ 5,500,415	\$ 6,156,197	\$ 5,906,197

The remaining deposits not covered under PDPA are insured under FDIC.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Investments

STRIVE Prep is required to comply with state statutes which specify investment instruments meeting defined rating, maturity and concentration risk criteria in which local governments may invest, which include the following:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

State statutes generally limit investments to an original maturity of five years unless the governing board authorizes the investment for a period in excess of five years. State statutes do not address custodial risk.

Local Government Investment Pool – At June 30, 2022, STRIVE Prep had \$6,912,110 invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes and is registered with the state Securities Commissioner. It operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of each pooled investment. The majority of securities owned by COLOTRUST are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. Investments of the pool consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities. COLORADO Trust is comprised of two funds: PRIME and PLUS+. Both funds carry an AAAm from Standards and Poor's. The Colorado Division of Securities administers and enforces the requirements of creating and operating COLOTRUST. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Investments of COLOTRUST are limited to those allowed by state statutes. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the participating governments. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The local government investment pool and money market funds are measured at net asset value and is designed to approximate the share value.

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 3: Lease Assets

STRIVE Prep has right-to-lease assets consisting of office space and copiers for the year ended June 30, 2022. The related lease liabilities are discussed in Note 4. The right-to-use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, \$1,726,226 in lease assets has been added to the beginning balance presented below. Right-to-use asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2022	
Lease Assets - Building Lease Assets - Equipment	\$ 1,271,503 454,723	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 1,271,503 454,723	
	1,726,226			1,726,226	
Less accumulated amortization Lease Assets - Building Lease Assets - Equipment	<u>-</u>	(211,740) (205,202)	<u>-</u>	(211,740) (205,202)	
		(416,942)		(416,942)	
	\$ 1,726,226	\$ (416,942)	\$ -	\$ 1,309,284	

Amortization expense was charged to the supporting services program in the amount of \$416,942.

Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

STRIVE Prep has entered into two types of agreements to lease office space and copiers. The lease liabilities are initially recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. The lease liabilities are measured using the prime rate in effect at measurement of the liability. The building office space agreement was executed on November 13, 2015 and renewed on February 1, 2022. The building office space amendment terminates on January 31, 2027. The base rent per rentable square foot for the building office space increases by \$0.50 on an annual basis. In addition, the building office space includes variable payment components related to property taxes and insurance. STRIVE Prep also has multiple agreements outstanding for copiers in use at various locations. The agreements were executed between July 5, 2019 and April 22, 2022 with a term of three years. There are no variable payment components to the copiers leases.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30 were as follows:

	<u> </u>	Principal		Interest		
2023	\$	368,151	\$	37,191		
2024	Ψ	313,075	Ψ	25,909		
2025		242,141		17,155		
2026		247,750		9,272		
2027		149,880		1,628		
	\$	1,320,997	\$	91,155		
		, ,				

As a result of the implementation of GASB 87, \$1,726,226 in lease liabilities for leases of building and equipment has been added to the beginning balance presented below. Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	alance at ne 30, 2021	Ad	ditions	Р	ayments	alance at ne 30, 2022	e Within ne Year
Loan payable Interest payable Lease liability	\$ 375,000 21,781 1,726,226	\$	3,439	\$	(375,000) (25,220) (405,229)	\$ - 1,320,997	\$ - - 221,822
	\$ 2,123,007	\$	3,439	\$	(805,449)	\$ 1,320,997	\$ 221,822

In July 2015, STRIVE Prep entered into a loan agreement in the amount of \$375,000 to provide general support for STRIVE Prep in carrying out its charitable tax-exempt purposes. The loan accrued interest at the rate of 1.00% per annum with an initial payment of \$187,500 due on June 30, 2022. All remaining principal and interest payments were scheduled to be due in full on June 30, 2023. STRIVE Prep paid off the loan in full during the fiscal year.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

STRIVE Prep participates in the Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund (DPS Division), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). In accordance with GASB 68, STRIVE Prep accounts for and reports its participation in the plan as if it was a cost sharing employer. The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense (credit), information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of STRIVE Prep have been determined using the same basis as they are reported by the DPS Division which uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

Eligible employees of STRIVE Prep are provided with pensions through the DPS Division – a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado state law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits Provided as of December 31, 2021

PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100% match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases, the service retirement benefit is limited to 100% of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50% or 100% on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether five years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure, and eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, will receive the maximum annual increase (AI) or AI cap of 1.00% unless adjusted by the AAP. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the DPS Division. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Contribution Provisions as of June 30, 2022

Eligible employees of, STRIVE Prep, and the State are required to contribute to the DPS Division at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the DPS Division are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401 et seq. and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 10.50% of their PERA-includable salary period of July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	January 1, 2021 Through December 31, 2021	January 1, 2022 Through June 30, 2022
Employer Contribution Rate ¹ Amount of Employer Contribution apportioned to the	10.90%	10.90%
DPS Health Care Trust Fund as specified in		
C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f) 1	(1.02%)	(1.02%)
PCOP Offset as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-412 **	(12.09%)	(-11.47%)
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as	,	,
specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 ¹	4.50%	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement		
(SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 ¹	5.50%	5.50%
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the DPS Division ¹	7.79%	8.41%

^{**} To conform with this presentation of contribution rates, the 2020 annual PCOP offset of 12.50% has been adjusted based on the portion of the PCOP offset used to satisfy employer contribution requirements.

Employer contributions are recognized by the DPS Division in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and STRIVE Prep is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the DPS Division. Employer contributions recognized by the DPS Division from STRIVE Prep were \$2,670,500 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

¹ Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42)

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the DPS Division and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the DPS Division based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the DPS Division to the total annual payroll of the DPS Division, State Division Trust Fund, School Division Trust Fund, and Judicial Division Trust Fund. In addition to the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution due July 1, 2022, House Bill (HB) 22-1029, instructs the State treasurer to issue a warrant to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars), upon enactment, with reductions to future direct distributions scheduled to occur July 1, 2023 and July 1, 2024.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Credit), Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the DPS Division was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2021. The STRIVE Prep proportion of the net pension liability was based on STRIVE Prep contributions to the DPS Division for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2022, STRIVE Prep reported a liability of \$167,492 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction of support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by STRIVE Prep as it's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the state as nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with STRIVE Prep were as follows:

STRIVE Prep's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 167,492
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer	
contributing entity associated with STRIVE Prep	49,172
Total	\$ 216,664

At December 31, 2021, STRIVE Prep's proportion was 2.81%, which was a decrease of 0.59% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020 of 3.40%.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

For the year ended June 30, 2022, STRIVE Prep recognized pension expense (credit) of \$6,428,086, which equals contributions of \$2,670,500 net of the GASB 68 pension expense (credit) of \$9,098,586. The pension expense (credit) was offset by revenue and expense in the Governmental Fund of \$694,985 and \$(1,451,505) in the Statement of Activities for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2022, STRIVE Prep reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,430,144	\$ -		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,746,277	-		
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	-	16,365,531		
Changes in proportion	3,783,686	4,853,282		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,437,160	N/A		
Total	\$ 8,397,267	\$ 21,218,813		

\$1,437,160 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year End	ing June 30,
2023	\$ (3,212,688)
2024	(4,381,452)
2025	(4,690,629)
2026	(1,973,937)
2027	
	\$ (14,258,706)

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial Assumptions for December 31, 2020 Valuation

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30 percent
Real wage growth	0.70 percent
Wage inflation	3.00 percent

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.80 – 11.50 percent

Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension

plan investment expenses, including price inflation 7.25 percent
Discount rate 7.25 percent

Post-retirement benefit increases:

PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07;

and DPS benefit structure (automatic)

1.00 percent compounded

annually

PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06

(ad hoc, substantively automatic)¹ Financed by the

Annual Increase Reserve

The TPL as of December 31, 2021, includes the anticipated adjustments to contribution rates and the AI cap, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.

The mortality tables described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefitweighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females**: 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return				
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%				
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%				
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%				
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%				
Alternatives ¹	6.00%	4.70%				
Total	100.00%					

¹ The Opportunity Fund's name changed to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020.

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in Senate Bill (SB) 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- Employer contributions for the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the pension certificates of participation (PCOPs) issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor

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benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.

- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered AI cap, from 1.25% to 1.00%, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the DPS Division's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of STRIVE Prep's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Current							
	1% Decrease 6.25%	Discount Rate 7.25%						
Proportionate share of the								
net pension liability	\$ 16,148,895	\$ 167,492	\$ (13,027,958)					

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the DPS Division's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Note 6: Pension Certificates of Participation

The District issued Taxable Pension Certificates of Participation (PCOPs) to fully fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of its pension plan (see Note 4). For the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2019, STRIVE Prep contributed 9.68%, 8.67% and 9.21% of covered salaries, respectively, to the District to cover its obligation relating to the PCOPs.

During the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2019, STRIVE Prep contributed \$2,731,242, \$2,440,194, and \$2,565,742 respectively, to the District for its PCOPs obligation.

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Note 7: Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan Description – Employees of STRIVE Prep that are also members of the DPS Division may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available Annual Report which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. STRIVE Prep does not offer an employer match and employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2022, program members contributed \$141,529.

Note 8: Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB

STRIVE Prep participates in the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF), a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the DPS HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

Eligible employees of STRIVE Prep are provided with OPEB through the DPS HCTF—a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The DPS HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended, and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

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Benefits Provided

The DPS HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the DPS HCTF and the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare health benefits program is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the DPS HCTF or the HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

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DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the DPS HCTF or the HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions

Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the DPS HCTF. PERA reporting agencies of the DPS Division are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of PERA-includable salary into the DPS HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the DPS HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the STRIVE Prep is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the DPS HCTF from STRIVE Prep were \$330,517 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, STRIVE Prep reported a liability of \$378,377 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the DPS HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability (TOL) used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2021. STRIVE Prep's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on STRIVE Prep's contributions to the DPS HCTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the DPS HCTF.

At December 31, 2021, STRIVE Prep's proportion was 3.60%, which was an increase of 0.20% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020 of 3.40%.

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For the year ended June 30, 2022, STRIVE Prep recognized OPEB credit of \$40,665, which equals contributions of \$330,517 less the GASB 75 credit of \$371,182. At June 30, 2022, STRIVE Prep reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Out	eferred tflows of sources	In	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	343,341			
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		36		45,971			
Net difference between projected and actual							
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		204,890			
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate							
share of contributions		117,246		78,160			
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		169,027		N/A			
Total	\$	286,309	\$	672,362			

\$169,027 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending .	June 30,	
2023	\$ (125,565)	
2024	(144,377)	
2025	(128,922)	
2026	(90,557)	
2027	(50,800)	
Thereafter	(14,859)	
	\$ (555,080)	:

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30 percent
Real wage growth	0.70 percent
Wage inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.80% - 11.50%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 percent
PERACare Medicare plans	4.5 percent in 2021, 6.00% in 2022 gradually decreasing to 4.50 percent in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums	3.75 percent in 2021, gradually increasing to 4.50 percent in 2029
DPS benefit structure:	•
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 percent
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in the December 31, 2020, valuation, the following monthly costs/premiums (actual dollars) are assumed for 2021 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

Initial Costs for Members without Medicare Part A

Medicare Plan	nthly ost	nthly mium	Monthly Cost Adjusted to Age 65		
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Rx	\$ 633	\$ 230	\$	591	
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	\$ 596	\$ 199	\$	562	

The 2021 Medicare Part A premium is \$471 per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

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Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2020, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the TOL are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2021	4.50%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.80%	4.00%
2024	5.60%	4.00%
2025	5.40%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.25%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for the DPS Division as shown below, reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the TOL for the DPS HCTF, but developed using a headcount-weighted basis. Reporting agencies of the DPS Division participate in the DPS HCTF.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

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Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll-forward calculation for the Trust Fund:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2021 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

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As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

		30-Year		
	Target	Geometric Real		
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return		
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%		
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%		
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%		
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%		
Alternatives ¹	6.00%	4.70%		
Total	100.00%			

¹ The Opportunity Fund's name changed to Alternatives, effective January 1, 2020.

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of STRIVE Prep's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A Trend Rate	2.75%	3.75%	4.75%
Ultimate Medicare Part A Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 378,341	\$ 378,377	\$ 378,449

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2021, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the DPS HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the DPS HCTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TOL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of STRIVE Prep's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Current							
		Decrease 6.25%	Disc	count Rate 7.25%	1% Increase 8.25%			
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	605,820	\$	378,377	\$	184,422		

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OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the DPS HCTF's FNP is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Note 9: Commitments, Contingencies and Compliance

Claims and Judgments

STRIVE Prep is subject to other claims and lawsuits that arise primarily in the ordinary course of its activities. It is the opinion of management that the disposition or ultimate resolution of such claims and lawsuits will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial statements. In addition, federal and state grants are subject to audit which could result in disallowed costs, the amount of which is undeterminable at June 30, 2022. If any costs are disallowed in the future, management expects them to be insignificant.

Tabor Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters approved the Tabor Amendment to the State Constitution which limits state and local government taxing powers and imposes spending limitations. The Amendment is subject to many interpretations, but STRIVE Prep believes it is in substantial compliance with the Amendment. In accordance with the Amendment, STRIVE Prep has established an emergency reserve representing 3% of spending in accordance with TABOR guidelines/requirements. At June 30, 2022, the reserve reported as restricted net position/fund balance totaled \$1,307,446.

Facility Use Agreement

Annually, STRIVE Prep approves facility use agreements with the District to utilize educational facilities owned by the District. The facility use fees for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$825 for each student enrolled at STRIVE Prep, which totaled \$2,707,159. The agreements require facility use fees of \$849 per student for the year ended June 30, 2023, which for STRIVE Prep is estimated to be \$2,710,008.

Note 10: Public School Financial Transparency Act

The Public School Financial Transparency Act requires local education providers to post financial information online, in a downloadable format, for free public access. STRIVE Prep believes it is in compliance with this Act, as it provides a hyperlink from its website to the Denver Public Schools financial data file.

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Notes to Financial Statements

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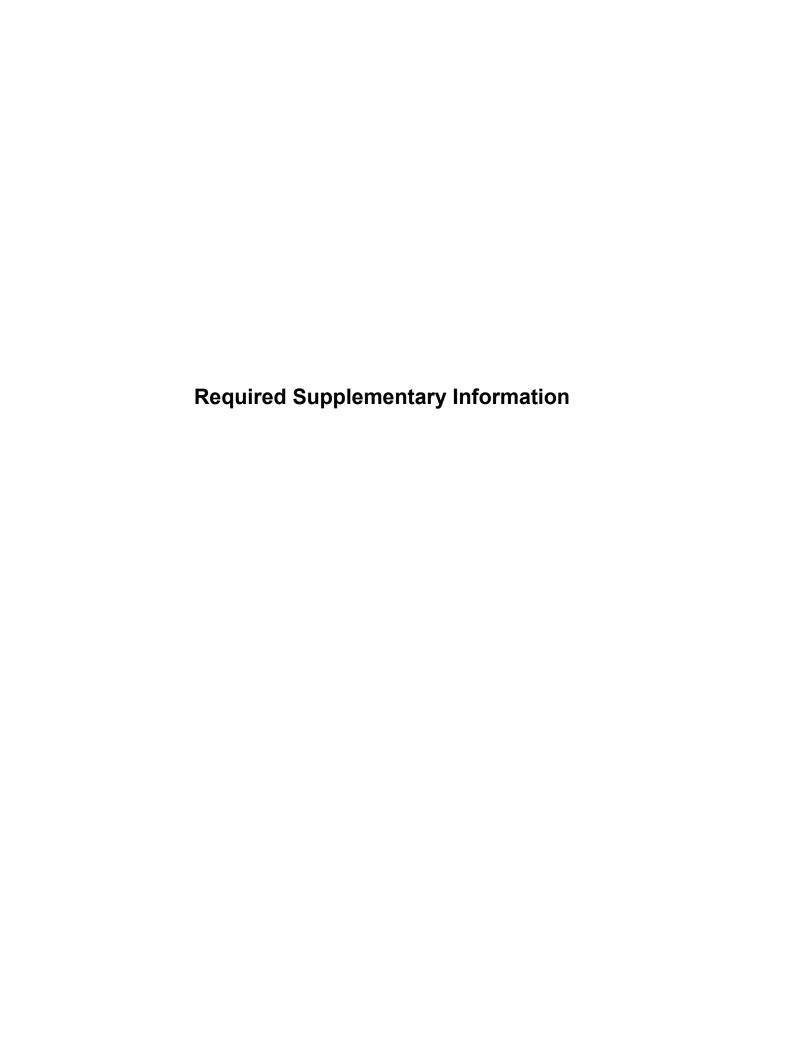
Note 11: Unrestricted Deficit

Under GASB 68 and GASB 75 the government-wide financial results of STRIVE Prep are negatively impacted by the financial results of the Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund (DPS Division) administered by PERA. During the current fiscal year, the DPS Division's net pension liability decreased from \$450.0 million to \$6.0 million and net OPEB liability decreased from \$22.9 million to \$10.5 million. As a result, STRIVE Prep's share of the net pension liability decreased from \$15.3 million to \$167,000 and net OPEB liability decreased from \$800,000 to \$400,000. These liabilities have no impact on STRIVE Prep's ability to meet its current financial obligations. In addition, STRIVE Prep has no legal obligation to fund any shortfall nor does it have any ability to affect funding, benefits, or annual required contribution decisions made by PERA.

Note 12: Subsequent Events

On August 3, 2022, the respective boards of Rocky Mountain Prep and STRIVE Prep voted on a Plan of Merger, which enables them to merge into a single, unified charter public school system on July 1, 2023.

Fiscal year 2022-23 will be the last year that STRIVE Prep – Lake will be in operation. Beginning next school year, STRIVE Prep will be consolidating the school with our other nearby middle schools.



(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Schedule of STRIVE Prep's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Years Ended December 31,

	20	21	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
STRIVE Prep's proportion of the net pension liability		2.81%	3.40%	2.51%	2.35%	3.59%	3.37%	2.92%	2.55%
STRIVE Prep's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1	167,492	\$ 15,299,022	\$ 16,520,669	\$ 24,034,523	\$ 32,175,257	\$ 36,927,125	\$ 23,742,116	\$ 15,933,196
STRIVE Prep's covered payroll	\$ 30,3	388,830	\$ 26,775,214	\$ 27,126,073	\$ 25,901,433	\$ 25,539,160	\$ 23,277,622	\$ 18,261,478	\$ 14,637,935
STRIVE Prep's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.55%	57.14%	60.90%	92.79%	125.98%	158.64%	130.01%	108.85%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		99.87%	90.14%	84.73%	75.69%	79.51%	74.00%	79.30%	83.94%

Note: Information is not available prior to 2014. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Schedule of STRIVE Prep's Pension Contributions Years Ended June 30,

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,670,500	\$ 2,102,875	\$ 1,801,162	\$ 1,424,458	\$ 1,201,489	\$ 732,156	\$ 387,817	\$ 375,722
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,670,500	2,102,875	1,801,162	1,424,458	1,201,489	732,156	387,817	375,722
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
STRIVE Prep's covered payroll	\$ 32,403,639	\$ 28,145,886	\$ 27,858,213	\$ 26,527,428	\$ 24,326,449	\$ 21,557,308	\$ 19,606,172	\$ 16,710,094
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.24%	7.47%	6.47%	5.37%	4.94%	3.40%	1.98%	2.25%

Note: Information is not available prior to 2015. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

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Schedule of STRIVE Prep's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Years Ended December 31,

	2021*	2020*	2019*	2018*	2017*
STRIVE Prep's proportion of the net OPEB liability	3.60%	3.40%	3.63%	3.57%	3.58%
STRIVE Prep's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 378,377	\$ 778,456	\$ 1,333,062	\$ 1,611,145	\$ 1,824,012
STRIVE Prep's covered payroll	\$ 30,388,830	\$ 26,775,214	\$ 27,126,073	\$ 25,901,433	\$ 25,539,160
STRIVE Prep's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	1.25%	2.91%	4.91%	6.22%	7.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	83.93%	65.43%	46.98%	34.72%	30.40%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Note: Information is not available prior to 2017. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Schedule of STRIVE's OPEB Contributions Years Ended June 30,

		2022		2021	2020	2019			2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	330,517	\$	287,088	\$ 284,191	\$	270,580	\$	260,499
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		330,517		287,088	 284,191		270,580		260,499
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
STRIVE Prep's covered payroll	\$ 3	32,403,639	\$ 2	28,145,886	\$ 27,858,213	\$ 2	26,527,428	\$ 2	24,326,449
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.02%		1.02%	1.02%		1.02%		1.07%

Note: Information is not available prior to 2018. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Budgetary Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources				
Per pupil revenue	\$ 28,796,948	\$ 31,583,761	\$ 31,583,761	\$ -
District mill levy	6,863,007	8,533,284	8,533,284	-
Supporting services	1,500,000	1,901,058	1,901,058	-
Investment income	50,000	17,251	17,251	-
Miscellaneous	399,889	983,800	984,243	443
Total local sources	37,609,844	43,019,154	43,019,597	443
State sources				
Capital construction	449,760	509,787	573,633	63,846
Grants	1,080,643	1,316,213	1,252,367	(63,846)
Total state sources	1,530,403	1,826,000	1,826,000	_
		, ,		
Federal sources				
Grants	8,261,548	8,401,715	8,401,272	(443)
Total federal sources	8,261,548	8,401,715	8,401,272	(443)
Total revenues	47,401,795	53,246,869	53,246,869	
Expenditures				
Salaries	28,244,794	32,582,201	32,582,201	-
Employee benefits	8,274,087	9,467,691	9,467,691	-
Purchased services	871,179	1,602,421	1,590,011	12,410
Supplies and materials	7,827,481	10,177,611	10,483,009	(305,398)
Property	430,360	1,721,323	1,003,499	717,824
Other	20,000	20,377	445,213	(424,836)
Debt Service				
Principal	-	375,000	375,000	-
Interest	- (500,000)	25,219	25,219	-
Contingency	(600,000)			
Total expenditures	45,067,901	55,971,843	55,971,843	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 2,333,894	\$ (2,724,974)	(2,724,974)	\$ -
Fund Balance, Beginning			15,149,141	
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ 12,424,167	

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2022

Note 1: Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

A budget is adopted for STRIVE Prep on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except for revenues and expenditures associated with the state's contributions made to PERA on behalf of STRIVE Prep.

A proposed budget is submitted to the Board of Trustees for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1 for their approval. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

As stipulated in state statutes, expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Trustees.

All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Note 2: Significant Changes Affecting Trends in Actuarial Information

2021 Changes in Plan Provisions and Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2020

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

- The following changes reflect the anticipated adjustments resulting from the 2020 automatic adjustment provision (AAP) assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022:
 - o Member contribution rates increase by 0.50%
 - o Employer contribution rates increase by 0.50%
 - o Annual Increase (AI) cap is lowered from 1.25 % per year to 1.00% per year
- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the pension certificates of participation (PCOPs) issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter
- The assumption used to value the AI cap benefit provision was changed from 1.25% to 1.00%

2020 Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2019

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

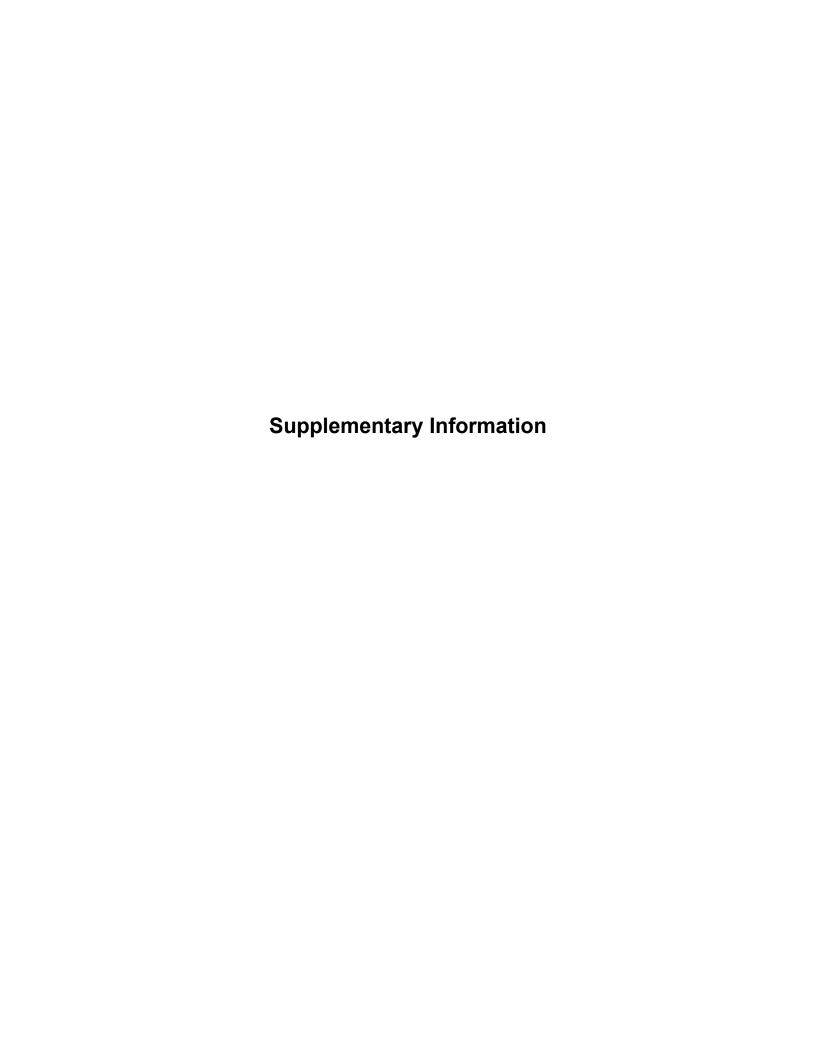
- House Bill (HB) 20-1379, enacted on June 29, 2021, suspended the \$225 million direct distribution payable on July 1, 2021 for the State's 2021-2022 fiscal year
- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40% per year to 2.30% per year

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85% per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95% per year, net of investment expenses
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50% per year to 3.00% per year
- Real wage growth decreased from 1.10% to 0.07%

Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit

- There were no changes made to plan provisions
- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40% per year to 2.30% per year
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85% per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95% per year, net of investment expenses
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50% per year to 3.00% per year
- Real wage growth decreased from 1.10% to .07%



(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	ST	RIVE Prep -	STF	STRIVE Prep -		RIVE Prep -	STF	RIVE Prep -	STRIVE Prep -		STRIVE Prep -	
	Gr	een Valley	N	lontbello		Lake	Si	unnyside		Federal	F	Ruby Hill
	Ran	ch Campus	(Campus	(Campus	(Campus		Campus	(Campus
Assets												
Cash	\$	1,951,620	\$	(502,220)	\$	(140,991)	\$	(288,127)	\$	2,610,271	\$	1,931,144
Investments		592,182		449,894		528,761		563,581		573,905		1,037,637
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-		-		5,010
Grants receivable		100,778		67,756		101,728		105,645		135,378		165,705
Inventory		-		-		14,123		9,656		15,972		21,005
Prepaid expenditures		9,782		9,780		9,782		10,201	_	9,896		9,896
Total assets	\$	2,654,362	\$	25,210	\$	513,403	\$	400,956	\$	3,345,422	\$	3,170,397
Liabilities and Fund Balance												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	51,209	\$	47,137	\$	47,990	\$	34,764	\$	59,687	\$	91,172
Accrued liabilities		24,096		6,487		959		28,261		5,573		8,616
Unearned revenue									_			-
Total liabilities		75,305		53,624		48,949		63,025		65,260		99,788
Fund Balance												
Nonspendable inventory		-		-		14,123		9,656		15,972		21,005
Nonspendable prepaid expenditures		9,782		9,780		9,782		10,201		9,896		9,896
Restricted for fund balance		57,317		42,997		41,152		50,574		44,950		54,511
Restricted for emergencies		133,515		63,524		78,205		69,519		138,290		184,142
Unassigned		2,378,443		(144,715)		321,192		197,981	_	3,071,054		2,801,055
Total fund balance		2,579,057		(28,414)		464,454		337,931	_	3,280,162		3,070,609
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources and fund balance	\$	2,654,362	\$	25,210	\$	513,403	\$	400,956	\$	3,345,422	\$	3,170,397

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools) Combining Balance Sheet (continued) June 30, 2022

	STRIVE SM/ Cam	ART	W	RIVE Prep - /estwood Campus	RIVE Prep - Kepner Campus		RIVE Prep - Rise Campus	Ce	entral Office	Eliminations		Total
Assets												
Cash	\$ 2,5	73,903	\$	1,574,288	\$ (724,166)	\$	1,552,831	\$	(5,038,138)	\$ -	\$	5,500,415
Investments	9	11,365		733,045	422,056		791,406		308,278	-		6,912,110
Accounts receivable		6		6,414	-		49,964		2,845	-		64,239
Grants receivable	2	33,966		161,094	77,367		160,460		3,180	-		1,313,057
Inventory		4,402		6,461	7,740		-		-	-		79,359
Prepaid expenditures		16,949		9,891	 10,466	_	17,143	_	160,143		_	273,929
Total assets	\$ 3,7	40,591	\$	2,491,193	\$ (206,537)	\$	2,571,804	\$	(4,563,692)	\$ -	\$	14,143,109
Liabilities and Fund Balance												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	97,153	\$	54,451	\$ 60,606	\$	83,384	\$	142,444	\$ -	\$	769,997
Accrued liabilities		20,956		2,395	30,151		22,063		333,898	-		483,455
Unearned revenue				1,875	 	_	-		463,615		_	465,490
Total liabilities	1	18,109		58,721	 90,757		105,447	_	939,957			1,718,942
Fund Balance												
Nonspendable inventory		4,402		6,461	7,740		-		-	-		79,359
Nonspendable prepaid expenditures		16,949		9,891	10,466		17,143		160,143	-		273,929
Restricted for fund balance		74,981		55,743	43,451		66,127		12,260	-		544,063
Restricted for emergencies	2	09,241		114,187	78,490		206,089		32,244	-		1,307,446
Unassigned	3,3	16,909		2,246,190	 (437,441)	_	2,176,998		(5,708,296)		_	10,219,370
Total fund balance	3,6	522,482		2,432,472	 (297,294)	_	2,466,357		(5,503,649)		_	12,424,167
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources and fund balance	\$ 3,7	40,591	\$	2,491,193	\$ (206,537)	\$	2,571,804	\$	(4,563,692)	\$ -	\$	14,143,109

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

June 30, 2022

	STRIVE Prep - Green Valley Ranch Campus	STRIVE Prep - Montbello Campus	STRIVE Prep - Lake Campus	STRIVE Prep - Sunnyside Campus	STRIVE Prep - Federal Campus	STRIVE Prep - Ruby Hill Campus
Revenues Local sources State sources Federal sources	\$ 4,419,280 135,815 610,662	\$ 2,107,638 89,470 333,221	\$ 2,591,529 109,874 550,388	\$ 2,295,262 103,431 634,786	\$ 4,559,457 154,970 1,002,440	\$ 5,897,586 394,242 1,237,239
Total revenues	5,165,757	2,530,329	3,251,791	3,033,479	5,716,867	7,529,067
Expenditures Current Instruction Supporting services Debt service Principal Interest Total expenditures	2,225,664 2,556,802 - - 4,782,466	1,772,302 1,634,145 - - 3,406,447	2,061,455 1,717,539 - - - 3,778,994	1,956,195 1,621,322 - - - 3,577,517	2,798,896 2,585,961 - - 5,384,857	3,693,687 3,288,054 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenses	383,291	(876,118)	(527,203)	(544,038)	332,010	547,326
Net Change in Fund Balance	383,291	(876,118)	(527,203)	(544,038)	332,010	547,326
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning	2,195,766	847,704	991,657	881,969	2,948,152	2,523,283
Fund Balance (Deficit), Ending	\$ 2,579,057	\$ (28,414)	\$ 464,454	\$ 337,931	\$ 3,280,162	\$ 3,070,609

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued)

	STRIVE Prep - SMART Campus	STRIVE Prep - Westwood Campus	STRIVE Prep - Kepner Campus	STRIVE Prep - RISE Campus	Central Office	Eliminations	Total
Revenues							
Local sources	\$ 6,862,940	\$ 3,779,075	\$ 2,583,691	\$ 6,825,529	\$ 6,350,299	\$ (5,252,689)	\$ 43,019,597
State sources	281,541	131,975	112,210	206,538	105,934	- (-,,,	1,826,000
Federal sources	1,453,851	923,119	474,890	1,180,676	-	-	8,401,272
Total revenues	8,598,332	4,834,169	3,170,791	8,212,743	6,456,233	(5,252,689)	53,246,869
Expenditures							
Current							
Instruction	4,606,637	2,475,372	2,059,412	4,179,606	6,881	-	27,836,107
Supporting services	3,348,628	2,235,731	1,869,867	3,552,717	8,577,441	(5,252,689)	27,735,518
Debt service							
Principal	-	-	125,000	125,000	125,000	-	375,000
Interest			8,406	8,406	8,406		25,218
Total expenditures	7,955,265	4,711,103	4,062,685	7,865,729	8,717,728	(5,252,689)	55,971,843
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues over Expenses	643,067	123,066	(891,894)	347,014	(2,261,495)	_	(2,724,974)
Net Change in Fund Balance	643,067	123,066	(891,894)	347,014	(2,261,495)	-	(2,724,974)
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning	2,979,415	2,309,406	594,600	2,119,343	(3,242,154)		15,149,141
Fund Balance (Deficit), Ending	\$ 3,622,482	\$ 2,432,472	\$ (297,294)	\$ 2,466,357	\$ (5,503,649)	\$ -	\$ 12,424,167
Reconciliation of GAAP Basis to Budgetary Basis							
Revenues (GAAP)	\$ 8,598,332	\$ 4,834,169	\$ 3,170,791	\$ 8,212,743	\$ 6,456,233	\$ (5,252,689)	\$ 53,246,869
Less State contribution to PERA	(93,162)	(52,177)	(41,998)	(78,786)	(105,233)	-	(694,984)
Total revenues (Budgetary basis)	\$ 8,505,170	\$ 4,781,992	\$ 3,128,793	\$ 8,133,957	\$ 6,351,000	\$ (5,252,689)	\$ 52,551,885
Expenditures (GAAP)	\$ 7,955,265	\$ 4,711,103	\$ 4,062,685	\$ 7,865,729	\$ 8,717,728	\$ (5,252,689)	\$ 55,971,843
Less State contribution to PERA	(93,162)	(52,177)	(41,998)	(78,786)	(105,233)	- (5,252,555)	(694,984)
	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(,-//)	(,,,)	(10,100)	(,)		(0, 1,, 01)
Total expenditures (Budgetary basis)	\$ 7,862,103	\$ 4,658,926	\$ 4,020,687	\$ 7,786,943	\$ 8,612,495	\$ (5,252,689)	\$ 55,276,859

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Green Valley Ranch Campus Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources				
Per pupil revenue	\$ 2,725,288	\$ 3,486,131	\$ 3,486,131	\$ -
District mill levy	568,795	861,490	861,490	-
Supporting services	-	9,335	9,335	-
Investment income Miscellaneous	4,545	1,462	1,462	-
Miscellaneous	20,549	60,862	60,862	
Total local sources	3,319,177	4,419,280	4,419,280	
State sources				
Capital construction	43,079	48,977	48,977	-
Grants	57,571	86,838	86,838	
Total state sources	100,650	135,815	135,815	
Federal sources				
Grants	215,118	610,662	610,662	-
Total revenues	3,634,945	5,165,757	5,165,757	
Expenditures				
Salaries	1,925,067	2,327,940	2,327,940	-
Employee benefits	589,575	674,919	674,919	-
Purchased services	34,400	32,882	30,919	1,963
Supplies and materials	1,067,394	1,587,759	1,589,722	(1,963)
Property	27,995	158,966	158,966	
Total expenditures	3,644,431	4,782,466	4,782,466	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (9,486)	\$ 383,291	383,291	\$ -
Fund Balance, Beginning			2,195,766	
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ 2,579,057	
Reconciliation to Data Pipeline for CDE Purposes Only				
Total Budgetary Revenues Allocation of Central Administration required	\$ 3,634,945	\$ 5,165,757	\$ 5,165,757	
by CDE for Data Pipeline	1,048,121	645,623	645,623	
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Revenues	\$ 4,683,066	\$ 5,811,380	\$ 5,811,380	
Total Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 3,644,431	\$ 4,782,466	\$ 4,782,466	
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline	721,969	871,773	871,773	
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 4,366,400	\$ 5,654,239	\$ 5,654,239	

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Montbello Campus

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources				
Per pupil revenue	\$ 1,621,795	\$ 1,645,408	\$ 1,645,408	\$ -
District mill levy	355,980	413,769	413,769	-
Supporting services	-	7,319	7,319	-
Investment income	4,545	1,108	1,108	-
Miscellaneous	17,174	40,034	40,034	
Total local sources	1,999,494	2,107,638	2,107,638	
State sources				
Capital construction	25,294	27,689	27,689	-
Grants	55,537	61,781	61,781	
Total state sources	80,831	89,470	89,470	
Federal sources				
Grants	191,892	333,221	333,221	
Total revenues	2,272,217	2,530,329	2,530,329	
Expenditures				
Salaries	1,751,179	2,063,324	2,063,324	-
Employee benefits	536,261	592,948	592,948	-
Purchased services	32,240	80,817	78,816	2,001
Supplies and materials	570,496	606,528	608,529	(2,001)
Property	30,509	62,830	62,830	
Total expenditures	2,920,685	3,406,447	3,406,447	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (648,468)	\$ (876,118)	(876,118)	\$ -
Fund Balance, Beginning			847,704	
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ (28,414)	
Reconciliation to Data Pipeline for CDE Purposes Only				
Total Budgetary Revenues Allocation of Central Administration required	\$ 2,272,217	\$ 2,530,329	\$ 2,530,329	
by CDE for Data Pipeline	1,048,121	645,623	645,623	
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Revenues	\$ 3,320,338	\$ 3,175,952	\$ 3,175,952	
Total Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 2,920,685	\$ 3,406,447	\$ 3,406,447	
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline	721,969	871,773	871,773	
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 3,642,654	\$ 4,278,220	\$ 4,278,220	

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Lake Campus

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Local sources						
Per pupil revenue	\$ 1,937,309	\$	1,988,738	\$ 1,988,738	\$	-
District mill levy	435,422		535,909	535,909		-
Supporting services	-		13,755	13,755		-
Investment income	4,545		952	952		2.50
Miscellaneous	 18,049	_	51,825	 52,175		350
Total local sources	 2,395,325		2,591,179	2,591,529		350
State sources						
Capital construction	29,905		37,663	37,663		_
Grants	68,116		72,211	72,211		-
Total state sources	 98,021		109,874	 109,874		-
Federal sources						
Grants	222,033		550,388	550,388		-
Total revenues	 2,715,379		3,251,441	3,251,791		350
Expenditures						
Salaries	1,858,100		2,202,902	2,202,902		_
Employee benefits	585,874		643,480	643,480		_
Purchased services	38,000		128,930	128,930		-
Supplies and materials	561,285		666,454	666,454		-
Property	 28,754		137,228	137,228		
Total expenditures	3,072,013		3,778,994	 3,778,994		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (356,634)	\$	(527,553)	(527,203)	\$	350
	 , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Fund Balance, Beginning				 991,657		
Fund Balance, Ending				\$ 464,454		
Reconciliation to Data Pipeline for CDE Purposes Only						
Total Budgetary Revenues	\$ 2,715,379	\$	3,251,441	\$ 3,251,791		
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline	1,048,121		645,623	645,623		
, I	 		,	 		
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Revenues	\$ 3,763,500	\$	3,897,064	\$ 3,897,414		
Total Budgetary Expenditures Allocation of Central Administration required	\$ 3,072,013	\$	3,778,994	\$ 3,778,994		
by CDE for Data Pipeline	 721,969		871,773	 871,773		
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 3,793,982	\$	4,650,767	\$ 4,650,767		

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Sunnyside Campus

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources				
Per pupil revenue	\$ 1,800,993	\$ 1,787,345	\$ 1,787,345	\$ -
District mill levy	403,158	452,488	452,488	-
Supporting services	-	7,230	7,230	-
Investment income	4,545	1,743	1,743	-
Miscellaneous	17,699	46,456	46,456	
Total local sources	2,226,395	2,295,262	2,295,262	
State sources				
Capital construction	28,061	34,983	34,983	-
Grants	43,330	68,448	68,448	
Total state sources	71,391	103,431	103,431	
Federal sources				
Grants	192,521	634,786	634,786	
Total revenues	2,490,307	3,033,479	3,033,479	
Expenditures				
Salaries	1,648,230	1,782,181	1,782,181	-
Employee benefits	502,912	554,915	554,915	-
Purchased services	30,800	84,964	84,830	134
Supplies and materials	759,330	1,018,205	1,018,689	(484)
Property	15,617	136,902	136,902	
Total expenditures	2,956,889	3,577,167	3,577,517	(350)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (466,582)	\$ (543,688)	(544,038)	\$ (350)
Fund Balance, Beginning			881,969	
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ 337,931	
Reconciliation to Data Pipeline for CDE Purposes Only				
Total Budgetary Revenues Allocation of Central Administration required	\$ 2,490,307	\$ 3,033,479	\$ 3,033,479	
by CDE for Data Pipeline	1,048,121	645,623	645,623	
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Revenues	\$ 3,538,428	\$ 3,679,102	\$ 3,679,102	
Total Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 2,956,889	\$ 3,577,167	\$ 3,577,517	
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline	721,969	871,773	871,773	
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 3,678,858	\$ 4,448,940	\$ 4,449,290	

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Federal Campus

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Pos	ance sitive ative)
Revenues		•		*		· · · · ·	-
Local sources							
Per pupil revenue	\$	3,105,069	\$	3,431,688	\$ 3,431,688	\$	-
District mill levy		678,653		844,900	844,900		-
Supporting services		-		222,622	222,622		-
Investment income		4,545		1,413	1,413		-
Miscellaneous		21,414		58,798	 58,834		36
Total local sources	_	3,809,681		4,559,421	 4,559,457		36
State sources							
Capital construction		48,217		53,294	53,294		-
Grants		62,364		101,676	 101,676		
Total state sources		110,581	_	154,970	154,970		
Federal sources							
Grants		234,345		1,002,476	1,002,440		(36)
Total revenues		4,154,607		5,716,867	5,716,867		
Expenditures							
Salaries		2,304,984		2,840,209	2,840,209		-
Employee benefits		688,687		787,183	787,183		-
Purchased services		45,200		76,161	76,161		-
Supplies and materials		891,310		1,499,782	1,499,782		-
Property		13,613	_	181,522	 181,522		-
Total expenditures		3,943,794		5,384,857	 5,384,857		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	210,813	\$	332,010	332,010	\$	
Fund Balance, Beginning					2,948,152		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$ 3,280,162		
Reconciliation to Data Pipeline for CDE Purposes Only							
Total Budgetary Revenues Allocation of Central Administration required	\$	4,154,607	\$	5,716,867	\$ 5,716,867		
by CDE for Data Pipeline		1,048,121	_	645,623	 645,623		
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Revenues	\$	5,202,728	\$	6,362,490	\$ 6,362,490		
Total Budgetary Expenditures	\$	3,943,794	\$	5,384,857	\$ 5,384,857		
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline		721,969		871,773	 871,773		
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Expenditures	\$	4,665,763	\$	6,256,630	\$ 6,256,630		

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Ruby Hill Campus

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	P	riance ositive egative)
Revenues				<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Local sources							
Per pupil revenue	\$	3,883,330	\$	4,357,101	\$ 4,357,101	\$	-
District mill levy		892,617		1,178,348	1,178,348		-
Supporting services		-		285,019	285,019		-
Investment income		4,545		2,559	2,559		-
Miscellaneous		12,264	_	74,559	 74,559		
Total local sources		4,792,756		5,897,586	 5,897,586		
State sources							
Capital construction		60,600		69,073	132,919		63,846
Grants		352,780		325,169	 261,323		(63,846)
Total state sources		413,380		394,242	394,242		
Federal sources							
Grants	_	297,633	_	1,237,239	 1,237,239		
Total revenues		5,503,769		7,529,067	 7,529,067		
Expenditures							
Salaries		3,317,768		4,149,737	4,149,737		-
Employee benefits		1,021,486		1,204,244	1,204,244		-
Purchased services		80,560		36,564	36,564		-
Supplies and materials		762,757		1,416,211	1,416,211		-
Property		20,046		174,985	 174,985		
Total expenditures		5,202,617		6,981,741	 6,981,741		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	301,152	\$	547,326	547,326	\$	
Fund Balance, Beginning					2,523,283		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$ 3,070,609		
Reconciliation to Data Pipeline for CDE Purposes Only							
Total Budgetary Revenues Allocation of Central Administration required	\$	5,503,769	\$	7,529,067	\$ 7,529,067		
by CDE for Data Pipeline		1,048,121		645,623	 645,623		
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Revenues	\$	6,551,890	\$	8,174,690	\$ 8,174,690		
Total Budgetary Expenditures	\$	5,202,617	\$	6,981,741	\$ 6,981,741		
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline		721,969	_	871,773	871,773		
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Expenditures	\$	5,924,586	\$	7,853,514	\$ 7,853,514		

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule SMART Campus

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources				
Per pupil revenue	\$ 4,770,876	\$ 4,908,793	\$ 4,908,793	\$ -
District mill levy	1,332,458	1,521,187	1,521,187	=
Supporting services Investment income	1 5 1 5	285,173	285,173	-
Miscellaneous	4,545	2,246	2,246	256
Miscenaneous	32,601	145,185	145,541	356
Total local sources	6,140,480	6,862,584	6,862,940	356
State sources				
Capital construction	74,565	80,982	80,982	-
Grants	77,181	200,559	200,559	
Total state sources	151,746	281,541	281,541	
Federal sources				
Grants	304,768	1,454,207	1,453,851	(356)
Total revenues	6,596,994	8,598,332	8,598,332	
Expenditures				
Salaries	3,822,490	4,364,467	4,364,467	-
Employee benefits	1,132,603	1,260,896	1,260,896	-
Purchased services	71,715	104,467	103,911	556
Supplies and materials	1,484,438	1,946,364	1,947,230	(866)
Property	35,192	278,761	278,761	-
Other		310	-	310
Total expenditures	6,546,438	7,955,265	7,955,265	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 50,556	\$ 643,067	643,067	\$ -
Fund Balance, Beginning			2,979,415	
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ 3,622,482	
Reconciliation to Data Pipeline for CDE Purposes Only				
Total Budgetary Revenues	\$ 6,596,994	\$ 8,598,332	\$ 8,598,332	
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline	1,048,121	645,623	645,623	
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Revenues	\$ 7,645,115	\$ 9,243,955	\$ 9,243,955	
Total Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 6,546,438	\$ 7,955,265	\$ 7,955,265	
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline	721,969	871,773	871,773	
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 7,268,407	\$ 8,827,038	\$ 8,827,038	

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule Westwood Campus

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources				
Per pupil revenue	\$ 2,613,903	\$ 2,969,076	\$ 2,969,076	\$ -
District mill levy	589,071	736,545	736,545	-
Supporting services	-	9,026	9,026	-
Investment income	4,545	1,812	1,812	-
Miscellaneous	26,126	62,616	62,616	
Total local sources	3,233,645	3,779,075	3,779,075	
State sources				
Capital construction	40,444	46,891	46,891	-
Grants	56,710	85,084	85,084	
Total state sources	97,154	131,975	131,975	
Federal sources				
Grants	244,415	923,119	923,119	
Total revenues	3,575,214	4,834,169	4,834,169	
Expenditures				
Salaries	2,070,801	2,415,125	2,415,125	-
Employee benefits	637,751	655,817	655,817	-
Purchased services	40,880	73,721	73,690	31
Supplies and materials	902,559	1,376,665	1,376,696	(31)
Property	22,376	189,775	189,775	
Total expenditures	3,674,367	4,711,103	4,711,103	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (99,153)	\$ 123,066	123,066	\$ -
Fund Balance, Beginning			2,309,406	
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ 2,432,472	
Reconciliation to Data Pipeline for CDE Purposes Only				
Total Budgetary Revenues	\$ 3,575,214	\$ 4,834,169	\$ 4,834,169	
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline	1,048,121	645,623	645,623	
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Revenues	\$ 4,623,335	\$ 5,479,792	\$ 5,479,792	
Total Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 3,674,367	\$ 4,711,103	\$ 4,711,103	
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline	721,969	871,773	871,773	
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 4,396,336	\$ 5,582,876	\$ 5,582,876	
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(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Kepner Campus

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues								
Local sources								
Per pupil revenue	\$	1,956,030	\$	2,029,003	\$	2,029,003	\$	-
District mill levy Supporting services		432,247		509,245 4,047		509,245 4,047		-
Investment income		4,545		1,039		1,039		_
Miscellaneous		28,553		40,357		40,357		_
				- ,		- ,		
Total local sources		2,421,375	_	2,583,691		2,583,691		
State sources								
Capital construction		30,300		34,090		34,090		-
Grants		58,367		78,120		78,120		
Total state sources		88,667		112,210		112,210		
Federal sources								
Grants		196,028		474,890		474,890		
Total revenues		2,706,070		3,170,791		3,170,791		
Expenditures								
Salaries		1,756,336		2,126,662		2,126,662		-
Employee benefits		543,936		747,059		747,059		-
Purchased services		36,560		208,135		208,057		78
Supplies and materials		552,706		716,350		711,301		5,049
Property		20,125		131,058		131,058		(5.107)
Other				133,421		138,548	-	(5,127)
Total expenditures		2,909,663		4,062,685		4,062,685		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(203,593)	\$	(891,894)		(891,894)	\$	
Fund Balance, Beginning						594,600		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	(297,294)		
Reconciliation to Data Pipeline for CDE Purposes Only								
Total Budgetary Revenues	\$	2,706,070	\$	3,170,791	\$	3,170,791		
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline		1,048,121		645,623		645,623		
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Revenues	\$	3,754,191	\$	3,816,414	\$	3,816,414		
Total Budgetary Expenditures	\$	2,909,663	\$	4,062,685	\$	4,062,685		
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline		721,969		871,773		871,773		
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Expenditures	•	3,631,632	¢	4,934,458	ç	4,934,458		
Total Data I ipeniie Dudgetaly Expeliantics	Ψ	3,031,034	Ψ	1,/シオ,オ シひ	φ	T,/ンプ,TンU		

(A Component Unit of Denver Public Schools)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule RISE Campus

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources				
Per pupil revenue	\$ 4,382,354	\$ 4,980,479	\$ 4,980,479	\$ -
District mill levy	1,174,607	1,479,403	1,479,403	-
Supporting services	4.545	80,397	80,397	-
Investment income Miscellaneous	4,545	1,948	1,948	- 51
Miscellaneous	115,378	283,251	283,302	51
Total local sources	5,676,884	6,825,478	6,825,529	51
State sources				
Capital construction	69,295	76,143	76,143	-
Grants	142,003	130,395	130,395	
Total state sources	211,298	206,538	206,538	
Federal sources				
Grants	262,595	1,180,727	1,180,676	(51)
Total revenues	6,150,777	8,212,743	8,212,743	
Expenditures				
Salaries	3,245,938	3,783,944	3,783,944	-
Employee benefits	971,392	1,074,978	1,074,978	-
Purchased services	64,760	122,551	122,228	323
Supplies and materials	1,552,790	2,503,348	2,503,276	72
Property	22,132	247,451	247,451	-
Other		133,457	133,852	(395)
Total expenditures	5,857,012	7,865,729	7,865,729	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 293,765	\$ 347,014	347,014	\$ -
Fund Balance, Beginning			2,119,343	
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ 2,466,357	
Reconciliation to Data Pipeline for CDE Purposes Only				
Total Budgetary Revenues	\$ 6,150,777	\$ 8,212,743	\$ 4,593,371	
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline	1,048,121	645,623	645,623	
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Revenues	\$ 7,198,898	\$ 8,858,366	\$ 5,238,994	
Total Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 5,857,012	\$ 7,865,729	\$ 7,865,729	
Allocation of Central Administration required by CDE for Data Pipeline	721,969	871,773	871,773	
Total Data Pipeline Budgetary Expenditures	\$ 6,578,981	\$ 8,737,502	\$ 8,737,502	



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees STRIVE Preparatory Schools Denver, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of STRIVE Preparatory Schools (STRIVE Prep), a component unit of Denver Public Schools, as of June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise STRIVE Prep's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered STRIVE Prep's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of STRIVE Prep's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of STRIVE Prep's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Board of Trustees STRIVE Preparatory Schools

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether STRIVE Prep's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORVIS, LLP

Denver, Colorado October 31, 2022